# Word Substitution 

## Set-A

1. A group of singers in a church

Ans. Choir
2. One who does not tire easily

Ans. Indefatigable
3. A type of dome-shaped shelter built from blocks of solid snow
Ans. Igloo
4. Impossible or extremely difficult to understand
Ans. Incomprehensible
5. A large impressive house

Ans. Mansion
6. That which cannot be taken by force

Ans. Impregnable
7. A rabbit's dwelling.

Ans. Burrow
8. A sound that cannot be heard

Ans. Inaudible
9. Rapid increase in the number or amount of something

Ans. Proliferation
10. Living in air

Ans. Aerial
11. An instrument used for measuring atmospheric pressure
Ans. Barometer
12. The study of human history and prehistory through the excavation of sites

Ans. Archaeology
13. A person who can speak only two languages
Ans. Bilingual
14. Guide the course of a ship especially by using instruments or maps
Ans. Navigate
15. A remedy for all diseases

Ans. Panacea
16. That which cannot be heard Ans. Inaudible
17. One whose hobby is stamp collection Ans. Philatelist
18. One who is in charge of a museum or art gallery
Ans. Curator
19. Something that catches fire easily Ans. Inflammable
20. One who is difficult to please

Ans. Fastidious
21. The state of remaining unmarried

Ans. Celibacy
22. An office with a high salary but no work Ans. Sinecure
23. A previous case that might serve as an example or guide in subsequent situations Ans. Precedent

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## English Notes for Judiciary

24. One who is indifferent to pleasure or pain

Ans. Stoic
25. An official pardon

Ans. Amnesty
26. One who walks on foot

Ans. Pedestrian
27. That which cannot be seen through

Ans. Opaque
28. Willing to be guided or controlled

Ans. Amenable
29. People who enjoy social company Ans. Gregarious
30. One who eats too much

Ans. Glutton
31. A word formed from the initial letters of other words and pronounced as a word Ans. Acronym
32. A short statement of a general truth or rule of conduct
Ans. Maxim
33. The art of cleaning and preserving animal skins
Ans. Taxonomy
34. One who makes and sells sweets and pastries
Ans. Confectioner
35. The statistical study of the population Ans. Demography
37. A group of stars found close together Ans. Constellation
38. Place for collection of dried plant specimen
Ans. Herbarium
39. A person or thing that has the same name as another
Ans. Namesake
40. Able to adapt to many different functions or activities
Ans. Versatile
41. One who treats skin diseases

Ans. Dermatologist
42. The original inhabitants of a country

Ans. Aborigines
43. A person who sells and arranges cut flowers
Ans. Florist
44. One who draws or produces maps

Ans. Cartographer
45. A game in which no one wins

Ans. Draw
46. A strong and fast moving stream of water Ans. Torrent
47. One who can use both hands efficiently Ans. Ambidextrous
48. People living at the same time Ans. Contemporaries
49. A person belonging to a foreign country Ans. Alien
50. Something that cannot be avoided Ans. Inevitable

## Set-B

1. A warning of impending danger

Ans. Monition

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## English Notes for Judiciary



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## English Notes for Judiciary

26. Destruction or slaughter on a mass scale Ans. Holocaust
27. Making a loud and confused noise Ans. Clamorous
28. Transfix or pierce with a sharp instrument Ans. Impale
29. The action of discouraging an action or event through instilling doubt or fear of the consequences
Ans. Deterrence
30. Make someone less angry or hostile

Ans. Placate
31. Instruct or improve someone morally or intellectually.
Ans. Edify
32. Characterised by bitterness or resentment
Ans. Rancorous
33. Criticise in an abusive or angrily insulting manner
Ans. Revile
34. A shake or tremble in a person's voice

Ans. Quaver
35. Subject someone to hostility and ill treatment, especially because of their race or political or religious beliefs
Ans. Persecute
36. A remarkable concurrence of events or circumstances without apparent causal connection
Ans. Coincidence
37. Fix an object firmly and deeply in a surrounding mass
Ans. Embed
38. Look forward to

Ans. Anticipate
39. Annoyed or irritated and quick to take offence at petty things
Ans. Huffy
40. Decrease or fade gradually before coming to an end
Ans. Peter
41. A military or political group that rules a country after taking power by force Ans. Junta
42. A person who lives outside his native country
Ans. Expatriate
43. Have saliva dripping copiously from the mouth
Ans. Slobber
44. Angry or bitter disagreement over fundamental issues
Ans. Strife
45. An opinion or conclusion formed on the basis of incomplete information
Ans. Conjecture
46. Protection or exemption from something, especially an obligation or penalty
Ans. Immunity
47. The ability to make good judgments and take quick decisions
Ans. Acumen
48. A high degree of skill

Ans. Proficiency
49. An urgent need or demand

Ans. Exigency
50. Believe in and follow the practices of

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English Notes for Judiciary

Ans. Adhere
51. Reduce or decrease in speed or intensity Ans. Slacken
52. Comfort someone at a time of grief or disappointment
Ans. Console
53. Public disgrace arising from shameful conduct
Ans. Opprobrium
54. The action of driving or pushing forwards Ans. Propulsion
55. Working-class people regarded collectively
Ans. Proletariat
56. A long, angry speech of criticism or accusation
Ans. Tirade
57. The clandestine copying and distribution of literature banned by the state
Ans. Samizdat
58. The forming of a theory or conjecture without firm evidence
Ans. Speculation
59. Showing a lack of respect for people or things that are generally taken seriously Ans. Irreverent
60. Showing a skillful use of underhand tactics to achieve goals
Ans. Devious
61. Place or insert between one thing and another
Ans. Interpose
62. Making or spreading scandalous claims about someone with the intention of damaging their reputation

## Ans. Scurrilous

63. Rub a part of the body to restore warmth or sensation
Ans. Chafe
64. Lasting for a very short time

Ans. Ephemeral
65. A plant, leaf, or flower becoming limp Ans. Wilt
66. Reduce something in size, amount, or extent by a gradual series of steps
Ans. Whittle
67. Characterised by severe self-discipline and abstention from all forms of indulgence, typically for religious reasons
Ans. Ascetic
68. The right to vote in political elections Ans. Suffrage
69. Taste good food or drink and enjoy it to the full
Ans. Savouring
70. Lacking foresight or intellectual insight Ans. Myopic
71. Acutely distressing

Ans. Harrowing
72. Revel in and make the most of something pleasing
Ans. Bask
73. Concern for one's own area or region at the expense of national or supranational unity Ans. Provincialism
74. A small piece of burning or glowing coal or wood in a dying fire
Ans. Ember

De Facto IAS
English Notes for Judiciary
75. Causing annoyance or resentment Ans. Galling
76. Recklessly extravagant or wasteful in the use of resources
Ans. Profligate
77. Wrap or cover for warmth

Ans. Correct Answer: Muffle
78. Keen interest or enthusiasm Ans. Avidity
79. Criticise unfairly

Ans. Denigrate
80. The occurrence and development of events by chance in a happy or beneficial way
Ans. Serendipity
81. A system of religious belief; a faith Ans. Creed
82. A formal speech, especially one given on a ceremonial occasion
Ans. Oration
83. Regard with great respect

Ans. Venerate
84. Kill someone by covering their nose and mouth so that they suffocate Ans. Smother
85. Regard with great respect

Ans. Venerate
86. Kill someone by covering their nose and mouth so that they suffocate
Ans. Smother
87. Be deprived of property or a right or privilege as a penalty for wrongdoing
Ans. Forfeited
88. Absolve someone from blame for a fault or wrongdoing
Ans. Exonerate
89. Senseless talk or writing

Ans. Balderdash
90. Made or done in the traditional or original way
Ans. Authentic
91. Be appropriate or applicable

Ans. Appertain
92. In a way that is clear or obvious to the eye or mind
Ans. Manifestly
93. The rejection of all religious and moral principles, in the belief that life is meaningless
Ans. Nihilism
94. Be an expression of or give a tangible or visible form to an idea, quality, or feeling Ans. Embody
95. A person who is intolerant towards those holding different opinions
Ans. Bigot
96. Exercising a compelling charm which inspires devotion in others
Ans. Charismatic
97. A person who moves stealthily about or loiters near a place with a view to committing a crime Ans. Prowler
98. Carry out a task clumsily or incompetently Ans. Bungle
99. Relating to or involved in crime

Ans. Felonious

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English Notes for Judiciary


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## English Notes for Judiciary

Ans. Jin $x$
125. Of or connected with the sense of touch Ans. Tactile
126. Expel someone from a property, especially with the support of the law Ans. Evict
127. The study and classification of speech sounds
Ans. Phonetics
128. Feeling or expressing pensive sadness

Ans. Melancholic
129. A payment given for professional
services that are rendered nominally without charge

Ans. Honorarium
130. Change in form, nature, or substance

Ans. Transmute
131. Criticise in an abusive or angrily insulting manner
Ans. Revile
132. A shake or tremble in a person's voice Ans. Quaver
133. Making a loud and confused noise

Ans. Clamorous
134. Transfix or pierce with a sharp instrument
Ans. Impale

## Set-C

1. Something that cannot be heard

Ans. Inaudible
2. A song sung at a burial

Ans. Dirge
3. A period of ten years

Ans. Decade
4. One who leaves his own country to settle in another
Ans. Emigrant
5. A person very reserved in speech

Ans. Reticent
6. A place where clothes are kept

Ans. Wardrobe
7. Open refusal to obey orders

Ans. Defiance
8. Morals that govern one's behaviour

Ans. Ethics
9. A sudden rush of a large number of frightened people or animals.
Ans. Stampede
10. One who loads and unloads ships.

Ans. Stevedore
11. One who is preoccupied with his own interests
Ans. Egoist
12. A geometrical figure with eight sides

Ans. Octagon
13. Incapable of paying debts

Ans. Insolvent
14. One who loves his country

Ans. Patriot

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

15. The school or college in which one has been educated
Ans. Alma mater
16. A long and aggressive speech

Ans. Harangue
17. Enclosed area where aircraft are kept and repaired Hangar
Ans.
18. A short story with a moral, usually with animals as characters.
Ans. Fable
19. Having two opposing feelings at the same time
Ans. Ambivalent
20. A group of ships

Ans. Fleet
21. To increase the speed

Ans. Accelerate
22. Pertaining to an individual from birth Ans. Congenital
23. A game in which neither party wins

Ans. Draw

Ans. Insatiable
25. A place where plants are grown for sale Ans. Nursery
26. Putting to death painlessly to end suffering
Ans. Euthanasia
27. To brighten up with lights

Ans. Illuminate
28. To rise in value

Ans. Appreciate
29. Person or animal living on another Ans. Parasite
30. Central character in a story or play

Ans. Protagonist
31. Having something more than required Ans. Surplus
32. Anger about an unfair situation or about someone's unfair behaviour
Ans. Indignation
33. A building where grain is kept or stored
34. Working very hard a
24. That which cannot be satisfied nd very carefully
Ans. Diligent

Ans. Granary


1. Proceeding in a gradual way and secretly intending to cause harm
Ans. Insidious
2. Touching along the side or boundary Ans. Contiguous
3. One who studies human societies and their culture
Ans. Anthropologist
4. The act of compelling or forcing authority on others.
Ans. Coercion

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

5. Exercising a compelling charm

Ans. Charismatic
6. Making a show of being morally superior to others
Ans. Sanctimonious
7. Something happening by chance in a happy and beneficial way
Ans. Serendipity
8. Impossible to satisfy

Ans. Insatiable
9. An arrangement of flowers that is usually given as a present
Ans. Bouquet
10. Splendid and expensive-looking

Ans. Sumptuous
11. A family of young animals

Ans. Brood
12. A large, deep, metal pot used for cooking over open fire Ans. Cauldron
13. A large, deep pot used both in the oven and as a serving vessel.

Ans. Casserole
14. Flowers or leaves woven together in a circle for placing on a coffin or a grave Ans. Wreath
15. One who embraces voluntary death for the sake of one's country
Ans. Martyr
16. One who is indifferent to art and culture

Ans. Philistine
17. Something which is fit to be eaten

Ans. Edible
18. Something which cannot be understood

Ans. Incomprehensible
19. One who helps a person in need

Ans. Samaritan
20. Sole right to make and sell some invention
Ans. Patent
21. One who does not tire easily

Ans. Indefatigable
22. Capable of being read

Ans. Illegible

## Set-E

1. That which cannot be corrected

Ans. Incorrigible
2. A person who is blamed for the wrongdoings of others
Ans. Scapegoat
3. The act of speaking irreverently about sacred things.
Ans. Blasphemy
4. A person who talks too much of himself. Ans. Egotist
5. A funeral poem

Ans. Elegy
6. One who walks in sleep

Ans. Somnambulist
7. One skilled in telling stories

Ans. Raconteur

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

## 8. Fear of Fire

Ans. Arsonphobia
9. One who is honourably discharged from service
Ans. Emeritus
10. A perception without objective reality

Ans. Hallucination
22. Atonement for one's sins

Ans. Repentance
23. Killing of one's own child

Ans. Filicide
24. A lover of work

Ans. Ergophile
25. Giving undue favours to one's own kith
11. A man devoid of kind feelings and sympathy.
Ans. Callous
12. One who eats two much

Ans. Glutton
13. A roundabout way of speaking

Ans. Circumlocution
14. An old unmarried woman

Ans. Spinster
15. One who is determined to take full revenge for wrongs done to him
Ans. Vindictive
16. Just punishment for wrongdoing

Ans. Nemesis
17. A strong blast of wind.

Ans. Gust
18. Phobia of dogs

Ans. Cynophobia
19. One who is new to a profession

Ans. Tyro
20. A speech or a presentation made without previous preparation.
Ans. Extempore
21. Easily duped or fooled

Ans. Gullible
and kin
Ans. Nepotism
26. One who does not care for literature or art

Ans. Philistine
27. To give up a throne voluntarily

Ans. Abdicate
28. Words written on the tomb of a person Ans. Epitaph
29. Mania for travel

Ans. Dromomania
30. One who has suddenly gained new wealth, power or prestige
Ans. Parvenu
31. An associate in crime

Ans. Accomplice
32. Man behaving more like a woman than as a man
Ans. Effeminate
33. Speaking with a stammer or lisp

Ans. Stuttering
34. Excessive desire to work

Ans. Ergomania
35. Study of tumours

Ans. Oncology

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

36. That which is away from centre

Ans. Eccentric
37. One who values practicality

Ans. Pragmatist
38. One who loads and unloads ships

Ans. Stevedore
39. Belief or opinion contrary to what is generally accepted
Ans. Heresy
40. Take away or alter the natural qualities of Ans. Denature
41. Decay of organic matter producing a foetid smell
Ans. Putrefy
42. Diminish in value over a period of time Ans. Depreciate
43. Not able to produce children

Ans. Sterile
44. Distorted representation of something Ans. Travesty
45. A feeling of intense longing for something

Ans. Yearning
46. In exactly the same words as were used originally
Ans. Verbatim
47. A person inclined to question or doubt accepted opinions
Ans. Sceptic
48. Showing strong feelings

Ans. Vehement
49. A sheath for the blade of a sword

Ans. Scabbard
50. The upward force that a fluid exerts on a body floating in it
Ans. Upthrust
51. The use of irony to mock or convey contempt
Ans. Sarcasm
52. The crime of betraying one's country

Ans. Treason
53. Fanatical and uncompromising pursuit of ideals
Ans. Zealotry
54. Seeking to harm someone in return for a perceived injury
Ans. Vengeful
55. The state of being in short supply

Ans. Scarcity
56. Protection of or authority over someone Ans. Tutelage
57. Optimistic in an apparently difficult situation
Ans. Sanguine
58. Conformity to facts

Ans. Veracity
59. Search for and collect anything usable from discarded waste
Ans. Scavenge
60. Excessively lengthy speech

Ans. Verbiage
61. An ornamented staff carried by rulers on ceremonial occasions as a symbol of sovereignty
Ans. Sceptre
62. The state or quality of being holy Ans. Sanctity

## English Notes for Judiciary

63. A substance easily evaporated at normal temperatures
Ans. Volatile
64. Deriving pleasure from inflicting pain

Ans. Sadistic
65. A person highly skilled in music

Ans. Virtuoso
66. Free from disturbance Ans. Tranquil
67. An arrangement of flowers fastened in a ring used for laying on a grave Ans. Wreath
68. To move back and forth or sideways

Ans. Traverse
69. The remains of something that has been badly damaged
Ans. Wreckage
70. Deliberately destroy something for military advantage
Ans. Sabotage
71. The area near or surrounding a particular place
Ans. Vicinity
72. Full of twists and turns

Ans. Tortuous
73. The practice of magic

Ans. Witchery
74. Irritating inconvenience

Ans. Hassle
75. A punishment imposed for breaking a law, rule, or contract.
Ans. Penalty
76. Complete with regard to every detail

Ans. Thorough
77. The faculty or power of using one's will Ans. Volition
78. The quality of being particularly noticeable

Ans. Salience
79. Of a disease or poison extremely severe or harmful in its effects
Ans. Virulent
80. A person or thing that is likely to cause harm
Ans. Menace
81. Having or involving an extreme or irrational fear of or aversion to something.
Ans. Phobic
82. Interrupt (a public speaker) with derisive or aggressive comments or abuse Ans. Heckle
83. Not being what it purports to be Ans. Spurious

## Set-F

1. A person who has lost the protection of the law
Ans. Outlaw
2. Falsification of documents etc.

Ans. Forgery

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

3. To make atonement for one's sins Ans. Expiate
4. Committing murder in revenge Ans. Vendetta
5. The thing that can be easily broken Ans. Brittle
6. An unimportant person

Ans. Nonentity
7. An action or event that happens before another important one and forms an introduction to it. Ans. Prelude
8. A computer printout sent out by a bank regarding debits and credits in your account.
Ans. Statement
9. Refresh and revive

Ans. Invigorate
10. A place where money is coined.

Ans. Mint
11. The process by means of which plants and animals breathe.
Ans. Respiration
12. One who sneers at the aims and beliefs of his fellow men.
Ans. Cynic
13. A small shop that sells fashionable clothes, cosmetics etc.
Ans. Boutique
14. Interval between two events

Ans. Interlude
15. A person's peculiar habit

Ans. Idiosyncrasy....(given in paper) (correct spelling- Idiosyncrasy)
16. The art of delaying

Ans. Procrastination
17. A doctor who specialises in the diseases of the eyes
Ans. Ophthalmologist
18. Person who eats too much

Ans. Glutton
19. Government or rule by a small group of people
Ans. Oligarchy
20. One who copies from other writers

Ans. Plagiarist
21. Things that can be felt or touched Ans. Palpable
22. The scientific study of elections

Ans. Psephology
23. Shine with a bright but brief or irregular light
Ans. Flicker
24. A disease that affects a large number of people in an area at the same time
Ans. Epidemic
25. The act of setting free from bondage of any kind
Ans. Emancipation
26. A brief or short stay at a place

Ans. Sojourn
27. That which can be believed Ans. Credible
28. One who is indifferent to pain or pleasure Ans. Stoic
29. A drug which makes one see things that are not really there.

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

Ans. Hallucinogen
30. Providing relief

Ans. Reprieve
31. The philosophy of putting another's welfare above one's own.
Ans. Altruism
32. An abattoir is $\qquad$ .
Ans. A place where animals are slaughtered
33. A man with abnormal habits

Ans. Eccentric
34. Words inscribed on the tomb

Ans. Epitaph
35. Proposition made as a basis for reasoning without the assumption of its truth Ans. Hypothesis
36. Indifference to pleasure and pain Ans. Stoicism
37. No longer a child, but not yet an adult Ans. Adolescent
38. Act of making things like new again.

Ans. Renovate
39. One who knows everything.

Ans. Omniscient
40. Any morbid dread of water.

Ans. Hydrophobia
41. A person's peculiar habit

Ans. Idiosyncrasy
42. Speech delivered without preparation

Ans. Extempore
43. One who will do any job for anyone for money
Ans. Mercenary
44. A child born after the death of father Ans. Posthumous
45. A person who completely abstains from alcohol
Ans. Teetotaller
46. One who is able to use both hands Ans. Ambidextrous
47. An act of travelling from one place to another
Ans. Journey
48. The thing no longer in use

Ans. Obsolete
49. Misappropriation of money

Ans. Embezzlement
50. The act of killing a king

Ans. Regicide
51. Emission of light or heat from a central point
Ans. Radiation
52. Lack of skill

Ans. Ineptness
53. Stick with a thick end used in a mortar for pounding
Ans. Pestle
54. An act when people vote in order to make a decision about a particular subject or policy rather than voting for a person
Ans. Referendum
55. A rough, violent, troublesome person. Ans. Tartar
56. A brave, noble minded or chivalrous man Ans. Gallant
57. Obsession with books

De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary


85. A person who is new to a profession

Ans. Novice
86. That which makes one highly knowledgeable
Ans. Erudition
87. A state of emotional or intellectual separation
Ans. Alienation
88. An exact copy

Ans. Facsimile
89. To give money to agents for sales.

Ans. Commission
90. A person who is working in the same institution.
Ans. Colleague
91. Someone who is incapable of being quietened or pacified.
Ans. Implacable in
Ans. Dermatology
92. Government by Department of State Ans. Bureaucracy
93. The killing of a race

Ans. Genocide
94. A remedy for all diseases

Ans. Panacea
95. Of the highest quality

Ans. Superlative
96. A place of shelter for ships

Ans. Harbour
97. Drug which causes people to sleep easily Ans. Soporific
98. The branch of philosophy concerned with the study of the principles of beauty, especially in art
Ans. Aesthetics

## Set-G

1. The belief that events are predetermined and therefore cannot be changed
Ans. Fatalism
2. The exact opposite

Ans. Antithesis
3. A private conversation between two people

Ans. Tête-à-tête
4. Found everywhere

Ans. Omnipresent
5. Causing no harm

Ans. Innocuous
6. The customary code of polite behaviour in society
Ans. Etiquette
7. A dome-shaped shelter built from blocks of solid snow used by Eskimos
Ans. Igloo
8. Continuing for a very long time Ans. Interminable
9. The feeling of being upset or annoyed as a result of being unable to change or achieve something.
Ans. Frustration

De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

10. Something causing shock or dismay

Ans. Appalling
11. Lacking variety and interest

Ans. Monotonous
12. Seeming reasonable

Ans. Plausible
13. Causing great damage or suffering Ans. Interminable
14. The quality of being honest and having strong moral principles.
Ans. Integrity
15. A room where medicines are prepared and provided
Ans. Dispensary
16. The height of an object or point in relation to sea level or ground level
Ans. Altitude
17. The science dealing with X-rays and other high-energy radiation, especially for the diagnosis and treatment of disease.
Ans. Radiology
18. The Science which studies the crust of the earth
Ans. Geology
19. Fear of heights

Ans. Acrophobia
20. A decision on which one cannot go back

Ans. Irrevocable
21. The cultivation of grapevines

Ans. Viticulture
22. A strong feeling of dislike towards someone or something.
Ans. Antipathy

Ans. Hydrophobia
24. A trade that is prohibited by law Ans. Illicit
25. To give up the throne

Ans. Abdicate
26. A cylindrical container bulging out in the middle, traditionally made of wooden staves for keeping oil, beer etc.
Ans. Barrel
27. An inscription on a tombstone written in memory of the deceased
Ans. Epitaph
28. An enclosure to keep the birds in Ans. Aviary
29. To express in an unclear way Ans. Garbled
30. Persons living at the same time

Ans. Contemporaries
31. A distinguished conductor or performer of classical music
Ans. Maestro
32. Someone who believes that people cannot change the way events will happen Ans. Fatalist
33. A person appointed by two parties to resolve a dispute
Ans. Arbitrator
34. Misappropriation of money

Ans. Embezzlement
35. A person who draws or produces maps Ans. Cartographer
36. Diverse in character or event
23. The fear of water

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

Ans. Heterogeneous
37. Consisting of many things or parts

Ans. Multitudinous
38. One who is not easily pleased by anything

Ans. Fastidious
39. A paradise with perfect bliss.

Ans. Elysium
40. A story that expresses ideas through symbols.

## Ans. Allegory

41. A period of interval between two regimes and governments.
Ans. Interregnum
42. Head of monks in an abbey

Ans. Abbot
43. A decision made by public voting.

Ans. Plebiscite
44. Insatiable greed for riches Ans. Avarice
45. Like a weak old woman

Ans. Anile
46. To renounce one's faith or religion

Ans. Apostasy
47. Combustibles - flammable

Ans. Conflagrant
48. Vexation for humiliation of disappointment Ans. Chagrin
49. Situated on bank

Ans. Dorsal
50. A girl with brown hair

Ans. Brunette
51. Mountain climbing

Ans. Alpinism
52. The word is no longer in use.

Ans. Obsolete
53. A person unselfishly concerned for or devoted to the welfare of others.
Ans. Altruist
54. A science of race, culture and human development
Ans. Eugenics
55. Inscription on a gravestone

Ans. Epitaph
56. Violation of that which is holy and sacred

Ans. Sacrilege
57. Medicine that causes vomiting Ans. Emetic
58. Any new participant in some activity. Ans. Neophyte
59. A person who lives by himself. Ans. Recluse
60. One who believes in many Gods. Ans. Polytheism
61. Not allowing fluid to pass-through.

Ans. Impervious
62. A place where animals are slaughtered for consumption as food
. Ans. Abattoir
63. One who lends money on high rates of interest
Ans. Usurer
64. One who runs away from justice.

Ans. Fugitive

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

65. A slight fault that can be forgiven.

Ans. Venial
66. A post with little work but a high salary. Ans. Sinecure
67. A person, especially a young one, with exceptional abilities.
Ans. Prodigy
68. One who has the art of speaking in such a way that the sound seems to come from another person/place.
Ans. Ventriloquist
69. One who changes sides

Ans. Turncoat
70. One who damages public property

Ans. Vandal
71. A new word coined by an author.

Ans. Neologism
72. Delusion of suffering from a disease

Ans. Nosomania
73. Evening prayer in church

Ans. Vespers
74. A person employed to drive a private or hired car.
Ans. Chauffeur
75. Costing nothing.

Ans. Gratis
76. Incapable of feeling tired or exhausted Ans. Indefatigable
77. One who dies without a will Ans. Intestate
78. One who has no money

Ans. Pauper
79. To free somebody from all blame

Ans. Exonerate
80. One who speaks less

Ans. Reticent
81. Member of a band of robbers Ans. Brigand
82. A shady place under trees

Ans. Bower
83. Small room for worship

Ans. Chapel
84. A person without home, job or property

Ans. Derelict
85. Fear of pain.

Ans. Algophobia
86. 200 th anniversary.

Ans. Bicentennial
87. A short story with a moral.

Ans. Parable
88. Dress with medals, ribbons worn at official ceremonies.

## Ans. Regalia

89. Extreme or indefinite to be adequately described.
Ans. Indescribable
90. The state of being deprived of a right or privilege, especially the right to vote.
Ans. Disenfranchisement
91. A formal expression of praise for someone who has died.
Ans. Eulogy
92. Assembly or parliament in which no party has got a clear majority.
Ans. Hung

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

|  | 107. Preferring or attracted to sunlight |
| :---: | :---: |
| 93. Belonging to the middle class. | Ans. Heliophilous |
| Ans. Bourgeois |  |
|  | 108. Mutual discourse |
| 94. One who dies without will. | Ans. Colloquy |
| Ans. Intestate |  |
|  | 109. One who is not easily pleased by |
| without proof. | Ans. Fastidious |
| Ans. Axiom |  |
|  | 110. The word is no longer in use. |
| 96. Systematic study of election trends. | Ans. Obsolete |
| Ans. Psephology |  |
| 97. Killer of prophet <br> Ans. Vaticide | 111. A person unselfishly concerned for or devoted to the welfare of others. |
|  | Ans. Altruist |
| 98. A person who preserves skin of animals | 112. Inscription on a gravestone |
| Ans. Taxidermist | Ans. Epitaph |
| 99. A government by the military class | 113. Violation of that which is holy and sacred |
| Ans. Stratocracy | Ans. Sacrilege |
| 100. Obsession for wine | 114. One who believes in many Gods. |
| Ans. Oenomania | Ans. Polytheism |
| 101. A person's last performance | 115. One who lends money on high rates of |
| Ans. Swan song | interest |
|  | Ans. Usurer |
| 102. Eating mud |  |
| Ans. Limivorous | 116. A post with little work but a high salary. Ans. Sinecure |
| 103. Killing of birds |  |
| Ans. Avicide | 117. A person, especially a young one, with exceptional abilities. |
| 104. Love for dogs | Ans. Prodigy |
| Ans. Canophilia |  |
|  | 118. Incapable of feeling tired or exhausted |
| 105. Lack of civic-mindedness or of patriotism | Ans. Indefatigable |
| Ans. Incivism | 119. A new word coined by an author. |
|  | Ans. Neologism |
| 106. Study of snakes |  |
| Ans. Ophilogy | 120. Head of monks in an abbey |
|  | Ans. Abbot |

## De Facto IAS

English Notes for Judiciary

## Set-H

1. A place where nuns live and work Ans. Convent
2. One who pretends to be what he is not Ans. Hypocrite

Ans. Pesticide
15. Yearly celebration of a date or an event Ans. Anniversary
16. One who is unable to read or write Ans. Illiterate
17. A polygon with eight sides and eight angles.
Ans. Octagon
18. Person with no fixed abode

Ans. Nomad
19. The state of growing to maturity.

Ans. Adolescence
20. A person travelling on foot

Ans. Pedestrian
21. Medicine given to counteract a poison.

Ans. Antidote
22. Something which lasts forever

Ans. Eternal
23. Persons living at the same time Ans. Contemporaries
24. A period of two weeks

Ans. Fortnight
25. Resistant to a particular infection

Ans. Immune
26. A young child just beginning to walk

Ans. Toddler
27. A speech made to oneself

Ans. Soliloquy

De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

28. Who believes others easily and can be cheated
Ans. Gullible
29. A contest between two people to settle a point of honour
Ans. Duel
30. An introduction to a book usually stating its purpose
Ans. Preface
31. A person who wastes his money on luxury
Ans. Extravagant
32. One who works very hard

Ans. Industrious
33. One who studies the evolution of mankind Ans. Anthropologist
34. A large bundle bound for storage or transport
Ans. Bale
35. The decision that is given by the jury or judge at the end of a trial
Ans. Verdict
36. An extremely large mass of ice which moves very slowly, often down a mountain valley
Ans. Glacier
37. One who loses temper very soon

Ans. Hot-headed
38. A person who loves money and hates spending it
Ans. Miser
39. The branch of science concerned with the bodily structure of humans, animals, and other living organisms

## Ans. Anatomy

42. The stage of growth between boyhood and youth Ans. Adolescence

## Ans. Anatomy

40. A list of names or things in a special order Ans. Catalogue
41. The study of human societies and cultures and their development
Ans. Anthropology
42. One who loves books

Ans. Bibliophile
44. A person who has had long experience in a particular field
Ans. Veteran
45. One who abstains from alcoholic drinks Ans. Teetotaller
46. A sentimental longing or wistful affection for a period in the past
Ans. Nostalgia
47. A specialist who treats diseases of the nervous system
Ans. Neurologist
48. A hollow space in a wall for a statue or ornament Ans. Niche
49. A person who rides in horse races, especially as a profession Ans. Jockey
50. Policy of racial discrimination

Ans. Supremacy
51. An animal that lives by killing and eating other animals
Ans. Predator

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

52. A large crowd of people intent on causing trouble or violence
Ans. Mob
53. A person who is recovering after an illness or medical treatment.
Ans. Convalescent
54. The fear of being enclosed in a small space or room
Ans. Claustrophobia
55. An account of a person's life written by self
Ans. Autobiography
56. Rearing of silkworms

Ans. Sericulture
57. A person motivated by irrational enthusiasm
Ans. Fanatic
58. An introduction to a literary work

Ans. Prologue
59. An institution for the care of people who are mentally ill
Ans. Asylum
60. A person who is recovering from an illness
Ans. Convalescent
61. Pisciculture

Ans. The breeding, rearing, and 74. A person who rules without consulting the transplantation of fish by artificial

## 62. Horticulture

Ans. The branch of plant agriculture dealing with crops, generally fruits, vegetables, and ornamental plants.
63. Government not connected with religious or spiritual matters
Ans. Secular
64. One who collects stamps

Ans. Philatelist
65. A large number of fish swimming together Ans. Shoal
66. An act of murdering one's brother

Ans. Fratricide
67. A set of 52 playing cards

Ans. Pack
68. Friendly and welcoming to visitors.

Ans. Hospitable
69. The lack of government control or rule of law
Ans. Anarchy
70. A gentle song sung to put a child to sleep.

Ans. Lullaby
71. The study of stars and planets

Ans. Astronomy
72. A set of twenty

Ans. Score
73. An abnormal fear of water

Ans. Hydrophobia opinion of others.
Ans. Autocrat
75. One who does not express himself freely Ans. Introvert
76. A critical judge of any art and craft

Ans. Connoisseur

De Facto IAS
English Notes for Judiciary

## Set-I

1. Words written on a tombstone in the memory of the person who has died Ans. Epitaph
2. A person who believes that war and violence are unjustifiable
Ans. Pacifist
3. A person who held a job or office before the current holder
Ans. Predecessor
4. A person who can endure pain or hardship without showing his feelings or complaining Ans. Stoic
5. A small building or room used for Christian worship in a school, prison, hospital or large private house. Ans. Chapel
6. That cannot be approached easily

Ans. Inaccessible
7. One who is easily deceived

Ans. Gullible
8. One who holds a post without any salary Ans. Honorary
9. A word formed from the initial letters of other words
Ans. Acronym
10. A government run by a king or a queen

Ans. Monarchy
11. To spend winter in a dormant state

Ans. Hibernate
12. Not revealing one's thoughts or feelings readily
Ans. Reticent
13. Two lengths of rope, bamboo or wood with rungs used for climbing up and down walls, sides of ships etc. Ans. Ladder
14. A list of the books referred to in a scholarly work
Ans. Bibliography
15. To prepare written material for publication by correcting or modifying it
Ans. Edit
16. A shortened form of a word or phrase Ans. Abbreviation
17. A detailed plan for a journey, especially a list of places to visit
Ans. Itinerary
18. One who devotes one's life to the welfare of other people.
Ans. Altruist
19. A protected place for birds and animals Ans. Sanctuary
20. One who denies oneself ordinary bodily pleasures
Ans. Ascetic
21. One who holds established opinions Ans. Orthodox
22. Animals living in flocks

Ans. Gregarious
23. Statement open to more than one interpretation
Ans. Ambiguous
24. A decision which cannot be taken back

Ans. Irrevocable

De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

| 25. One who travels by foot Ans. Pedestrian | Ans. Heliotherapy |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 39. That which cannot be seen through |
| 26. All the people in a country or area who are entitled to vote in an election | Ans. Opaque |
| Ans. Electorate | 40. Careful in performing duties Ans. Punctilious |
| 27. A sea or stretch of water having many islands <br> Ans. Archipelago | 41. A large bound bundle of paper, hay or cotton <br> Ans. Bale |
| 28. A cup or other decorative object awarded |  |
| Ans. Trophy | a country <br> Ans. Oligarchy |
| 29. A large building or group of buildings used to house soldiers <br> Ans. Barracks | 43. Instrument used for coding and decoding messages <br> Ans. Cryptograph |
| 30. A list of items to be discussed at a formal meeting Ans. Agenda | 44. Someone who is satisfied with life in general <br> Ans. Contented |
| 31. Giving up one's authority or throne Ans. Abdication | 45. The base frame of a car or other wheeled vehicle |
|  | Ans. Chassis |
| 32. A box or cage for rabbits or small animals |  |
| Ans. Hutch | 46. A sum of money added to a person's wages as a reward for good performance |
| 33. A person who draws or produces maps | Ans. Bonus |
| Ans. Cartographer | 47. Extreme fear of water |
| 34. The sound of a crow | Ans. Hydrophobia |
| Ans. Caw |  |
| 35. A place where weapons and ammunition are stored | 48. Obsession with one particular thing Ans. Monomania |
| Ans. Arsenal | 49. Irrational fear of closed or confined places Ans. Claustrophobia |
| 36. The science or philosophy of law |  |
| Ans. Jurisprudence | 50. An apparatus for reducing or increasing the voltage of an alternating current |
| 37. One who is sixty years old | Ans. Transformer |
| Ans. Sexagenarian ${ }^{\text {38. The therapeutic use of sunlight }}$ | 51. Open rebellion of soldiers and sailors against lawful authority |

Ans. Mutiny
52. A person who knows a lot about and enjoys one of the arts, or food, drink, etc.
Ans. Connoisseur
53. An arrangement of flowers that is usually given as a present
Ans. Bouquet
54. A person who has an unnatural anxiety about one's own health typically involving imagined symptoms of illness
Ans. Hypochondriac
55. A table or flat surface where offerings are made to a deity
Ans. Altar ${ }^{\text {‘ }}$
56. Excessive bureaucratic fuss

Ans. Red-tape
57. Constitutional right to cast vote

Ans. Franchise
58. Power of reading thoughts of others

Ans. Telepathy
59. To shorten a piece of writing without losing the sense
Ans. Abridge
60. A book that contains information on various subjects
Ans. Encyclopedia
61. A mode of behaviour or way of thought peculiar to an individual (not sub- or abnormal in any way)
Ans. Idiosyncratic
62. A thing that motivates or encourages someone to do something
Ans. Incentive
63. Something made impure by exposure to polluting substances
Ans. Contaminated
64. Relating to speeds close to that of sound Ans. Transonic
65. An obsessive desire to set fire to things Ans. Pyromania
66. A person who is one of the first to do something
Ans. Pioneer
67. A transport vehicle for conveying the coffin at a funeral
Ans. Hearse
68. To send back a criminal or an unwanted person to the country of his/her origin
Ans. Extradite
69. A person who advocates complete political or social change
Ans. Radical
70. A place for the collection of dried plants Ans. Herbarium
71. A place where coins are made

Ans. Mint
72. A gigantic statue

Ans. Colossus
73. The keeper of a museum

Ans. Curator
74. A large enclosure for keeping the birds in Ans. Aviary
75. An instrument for measuring time accurately in spite of motion or variations in temperature, humidity, and air pressure.
Ans. Chronometer

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

76. A wooden drum in which b3eer or oil is stored
Ans. Barrel
77. A place where bees are kept

Ans. Apiary
78. A person who compiles dictionaries

Ans. Lexicographer
79. A fortress typically one on high ground above a city
Ans. Citadel 92. To make evasive or misleading
80. A medical specialist who administers drugs for relieving pain during surgery Ans. Anaesthetist
81. A place where fish are kept

Ans. Aquarium
82. A person who eats human flesh

Ans. Cannibal
83. Persons working at the same place

Ans. Colleagues
84. A system of government in which priests rule in the name of Gods or a god Ans. Theocracy
85. Property inherited from one's father

Ans. Patrimony
86. Rebellious or opposing the authority Ans. Insurgent
87. The practice of taking exorbitant or excessive interest on the money lent Ans. Usury
88. Government by person of highest social order
Ans. Aristocracy
89. To banish or turn out of society and fellowship
Ans. Ostracise
90. Study of ancient things like tombs, buried towns
Ans. Archaeology
91. A person who starves the body for the good of the soul
Ans. Ascetic statements

Ans. Prevaricate
93. The murder of one's sister Ans. Sororicide
94. A hater of new things Ans. Misoneist
95. Fear of snakes Ans. Ophidiophobia, or ophidiophobia
96. To move along with quick, short twistings Ans. Wriggle
97. Put off for a future time

Ans. Procrastinate
98. Greedy for money

Ans. Rapacious
99. Speak in a very low tone

Ans. Whisper
100. Search for something

Ans. Quest
101. A group of girls

Ans. Bevy
102. Guided by one's sense of duty

Ans. Conscientious

## De Facto IAS

## English Notes for Judiciary

103. The exterior or face of a building

Ans. Facade
104. That which is morally dangerous

Ans. Pestiferous
105. A person who lives alone and avoids other
people
Ans. Recluse
108. Incapable of being tired

Ans.
109. A temple dedicated to all the gods Ans. Pantheon
110. That which cannot be satisfied

Ans. Insatiable
111. Free from punishment
106. A mass held to pray for the peace of the departed soul

Ans. Requiem
107. Operating below the surface of sea Ans. Subterranean

Ans. Impunity
112. Free from punishment

Ans. Impunity
113. Fear of foreigners

Ans. Xenophobia

