Bihar Mains Questions 2000

Law of Evidence and Procedure

GROUP-A

- 1. (a) Explain a suit of civil nature
- 1(b) Explain the basic rules governing the jurisdiction of civil courts.
- 2. (a) What remedies are available for setting aside ex parte decree?
- 2(b) Explain the rules governing the grant of temporary injunction.
- 3. (a) What properties of a judgement debtor cannot be attached and sold in execution of a decree?
- 3(b) Explain in brief the various stages in a civil suit.

GROUP B

- 4. (a) Explain admissibility of a fact and relevancy of a fact.
- 4(b) What is the evidentiary value of a confession made by an accused person in police custody?
- 5. (a) Explain evidence and kinds of evidence.
- 5(b) Explain the importance of cross-examination of a witness.
- 6. (a) Explain an Accomplice. How far and to what extent testimony of an accomplice can be relied upon.
- 6(b) Explain Estoppel and kinds of estoppel.



- 7. (a) Explain legal misconduct of an arbitrator
- 7(b) When can an arbitrator be appointed pending a suit?
- 8. (a) What is the effect of an award?
- 8(b) What matters can be referred to an Arbitrator?

GROUP D

9 (a) What are the provisions contained in Criminal Procedure Code regarding death Sentence?

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- 9(b) When can Bail be granted? What are the remedies available to a person to whom bail is refused by the Court?
- 10. (a) What are the provisions contained in Criminal Procedure Code regarding maintenance of a wife? Under what circumstances the amount of maintenance fixed by a Court be modified?
- 10(b) When can police arrest a person without warrant?

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW Section-A

- 1. Discuss the following:
- (a) Secular Character of Indian Constitution.
- 1(b) Public Interest Litigation
- 2. Discuss the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India.
- 3. Explain what is meant by the expression "failure of constitutional machinery in a state" under Article 356 of the Constitution of India. Which situation will fall and which will not fall within the expression?
- 4. The Power of Parliament to amend the Constitution is limited. Examine this statement critically in view of 24th and 42nd Amendment and Supreme Court decisions in that regard.
- 5. Write notes on:
- (a) Preamble to the Constitution of India
- 5(b) Uniform Civil Code

SECTION B

6., 8 to 10 NO LONGER IN SYLLABUS

- 7. Write Short notes on:
- (a) Parliamentary Privileges
- 7(b) Rule of Law

HINDU LAW AND MUSLIM LAW Part-A

- 1. Explain Hindu Coparcenary. Show how it forms and enumerate the rights of a coparcener.
- 2. Who are the persons governed by Hindu Law? Who are the persons entitled to share in a partition of joint Hindu Family?

Bihar Mains Questions 2000

- 3. How will the property of a Hindu male dying intestate devolve on his death under the Hindu Succession Act, 1956?
- 4. What are the essentials of a valid Hindu Marriage? Explain divorce by mutual consent under the Hindu Marriage Act.
- 5. Who can give in adoption? Who can adopt? What are the effects of adoption?

Part-B

- 6. Write short notes on:
- (a) Mutawali
- 6(b) Iddat
- 7. Explain valid, irregular and void marriage under Muslim Law and state the distinction between them.
- 8. Mention chief provisions of Shariat Act, 1937 and state the changes brought by it.
- 9. What are the limitations on a Muslim on his power of making a will.
- 10. Write short notes on:
- (a) Testamentary guardian and his powers
- 10(b) Maintenance of a wife

TRANSFER OF PROPERTY AND PRINCIPLES OF EQUITY INCLUDING LAW OF TRUST AND SPECIFIC RELIEF Part-A

- 1. (a) Define property and mention which properties are transferable?
- 1(b) Explain the difference between an agreement to sell and sale.
- 2. (a) "Transfer for the benefit of an unborn person is void." Discuss this statement with reference to the rule against perpetuity.
- 2(b) Define gift.
- 3. (a) Define a Mortgage. What are the different kinds of mortgage?
- 3(b) Explain the liability of buyer of immovable property.
- 4. (a) Explain the doctrine of part performance.
- 4(b) Explain the lease of an immovable property.

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- 5. (a) Distinguish between condition precedent and condition subsequent.
- 5(b) Distinguish between a sale and a lease.

Part- B

- 6. Explain the following maxims
- (a) Equity follows the law
- 6(b) Delay defeats equity
- 7. Explain the following maxims:
- (a) He who seeks equity must do equity
- 7(b) He who comes to equity must come with clean hands
- 8. Discuss the essentials of trust. How does a private trust differ from a public trust?
- 9. Discuss the rights and duties of trustee.
- 10. Discuss between a temporary injunction and permanent injunction. Explain the circumstances when temporary injunction can be granted?

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LAW OF CONTRACT AND TORTS

PART-A

- 1. Discuss fully the provisions in the Indian Contract Act regarding performance of Contract.
- 2. Explain void agreements. Discuss the rules regarding void agreements.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Anticipatory Breach of Contract

- 3(b) Undue Influence
- 4. (a) An agreement without consideration is void. Explain this rule with exceptions.
- 4(b) Doctrine of quantum meruit.
- 5. (a) Define Bailment. Discuss the essentials of a contract of bailment.
- 5(b) Explain in detail the discharge of surety.

Part-B

- 6. Define a tort. How does a tort differ from a crime and breach of contract?
- 7. Explain the rule of vicarious liability. When is the master liable for the tort of his servant?
- 8. Explain with illustrations the maxim "volenti non fit injuria".
- 9. Explain the following:
- (a) Special Damages and General Damages
- 9(b) Ubi jus ibi remedium
- 10. Briefly state the facts and explain the principle contained in the following decisions:
- (a) Ashby v. White
- 10 (b) Armory v. Delamere:





COMMERCIAL LAW Part-A

- 1. Explain the meaning of "Conditions and Warranties". Discuss the implied conditions and warranties in a contract of sale.
- 2. Define Unpaid Seller. Discuss the right to stoppage in transit.

Part – B

3. (a) Define a promissory note and discuss its ingredients.

Bihar Mains Questions 2000

- 3(b) When a forced cheque is encashed on presentation to a bank, what is the liability of the paying bank?
- 4. (a) Who is a holder in due course? What rights are available to him as such holder?
- 4(b) Explain the penal provision regarding a cheque that bounces for insufficiency of funds.

Part - C

- 5. Define a Company. How does a company differ from a partnership?
- 6. Explain the difference between articles of association and memorandum of company.
- 7. (a) Discuss the position of company directors.
- 7(b) Under what circumstances can a company be wound up by the Court?

Part-D

- 8. What are the rights and obligations of a retiring partner?
- 9. (a) How can a partnership be dissolved?
- 9(b) Write short notes on: (i) Registration of Firm
- 9(b)(ii) Property the firm
- 10. (a) Under what circumstances can a partnership firm be dissolved by the court?
- 10(b) What are the consequences if a partnership firm is not registered?

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