1. Match List - 1 with List - II and select the correct answer using the code given below the list.

List -	I			
List - II				
(a) Dowry de	ath			1
Section 340	1PC			
(b) Housebre	aking			2
Section 351	1 PC			
(c) Assault				3
Section 304 E	B IPC			
(d) Wrongful	confin	ement		4
Section 445 I	PC			
Codes :				
A	В	С	D	
(2)	IV/	Ш	П	1

А	в	C	D	
(a)	IV	III	Ш	I
(b)	Ш	IV	I	Ш
(c)	Ш	IV	П	Ι
(D)	1	- 11	III	IV

2. Some provisions of the IPC have been amended by the -

- (a) administrative Tribunals Act, 1985(b) Arbitration and Conciliation Act,
- 1996
- (c) Information Technology Act, 2000
- (d) None of these

3. Section 76 of IPC provides that nothing is an offence, which is done by a person who is or who by reason of-

> (a) Mistake of law' in good faith believes himself to be bound by law' to do it

(b) Mistake of fact in good faith

believes himself to be found by law to do it

- (c) Mistake of fact believes himself to be bound by morals to do it.
- (d) All thess

4. 'X' and 'Y' go to murder 4Z'. 'X' stood on guard with a spear in hand but did not hit r at all. 'Y' killed Z

(a) Only 'Y' is liable for murder of 'Z'(b) 'X' and 'Y' both are liable for

murder of 'Z'

(c) 'X' is not liable as he did not

- reform over act
- (d) both (a) and ©

5. Under which provision of the Indian Evidence Act is expert opinion relevant?

- (a) Section 41
- (b) Section 43
- (c) Section 44
- (d) Section 45

6. Which of the following statements is wrong:

- (a) Oath may be administered to an accused before her examination under section 313 Cr.PC
- (b) Accused can refuse to answer any question when he is examined under section 313 Cr.PC
- (c) Accused can be put any question by the court at any stage of the trial
- (d) Evidence which incriminates the accused has to be put to him or her by the court

7. Which among the following statements is incorrect:

- (a) Oath may be administered to an accused before her examination under section 313 Cr. PC
- (b) Accused can refuse to answer any question when he is examined under Section 313 Cr. PC
- (c) No confirmation of a death sentence imposed by the Sessions Court can

be made before the expiry of the period for preferring the appeal

 (d) The High Court cannot acquit the convict while considering the case for confirmation* unless he prefers an appeal

8. In a summons case, at the time of appearance of the accused before the Magistrate* it is unnecessary' to:

- (a) To state the particulars of the offence of which he is accused
- (b) Frame a formal charge
- (c) Ask him whether he pleads guilty
- (d) Ask him whether he has any defence to make

9. When does a trial commence in warrant cases instituted on a police report ?

- (a) With issuance of process against accused
- (b) the submission of police report
- (c) On framing of formal charge by court
- (d) On the appearance of the accused pursuant to process issued u by court

10. Which Supreme Court discuss the law relating to narco analysis, from amongst the following decided cases :

- (a) Ram Reddy Vs. State of Maharashtra
- (b) Selvi Vs. State of Karnataka
- (c) Stale of Bombay Vs. Kalin Kalu Oghad
- (d) Sharda Vs. Dharmpal

11. If the person who is competent to compound offence is dead, the compounding

- (a) Cannot be done
- (b) can be done by the legal representative of the deceased without the permission of the court
- (c) can he done by the legal representative of the deceased only with the permission of the court
- (d) Both (b) and $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$

12. Under Section 216 of Cr. P.C., the Court has the power to :

- (a) Add to the charge (s) already framed
- (b) Alter the charge (s) already framed
- (c) Neither to alter nor to add to the charge already framed
- (d) Add to and alter the charge both
- 13. Under Section 315 ofCr.P.C.
 - (a) An accused cannot be a witness
 - (b) An accused can be compelled to give his own evidence generally
 - (c) An accused can be called as a witness only on his request in writing
 - (d) Either (A) or (B)

14. "A" with the intention to kill, shoots aiming at instead "C" gets killed. The principle for holding "A" liable is known as :

- (a) The doctrine of intention
- (b) The doctrine of transferred malice
- (c) The doctrine that no one can escape
- (d) None of these

15. The difference between Section 34 and Section 149 of Indian Penal Code is:

- (a) That whereas in section 34 there must be at least be fine persons, Section 149 requires only two persons.
- (b) That section 149 is only a rule of evidence whereas sections 34 creates a specific offence and provides for its punishment.
- (c) That section 34 requires active participation in action whereas section 149 requires mere passive membership of the unlawful assembly
- (d) That section 34 need not be joined with the principle offence, whereas section 149 must be combined with the principle offence.

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16. The constitution of india vests residuary legislative powers and executive functions in :

- (a) The states
- (b) The state and union governments jointly, because of the concurrent list, in the schedule
- (c) The union
- (d) None of these

17. Which of the following countries has the highest populations density?

- a. Pakistan
- b. Sri lanka
- c. Bangladesh
- d. India

18. The only state to haver a sex ratio of above 1000 is:

- a. Tamil Nadu
- b. Karnataka
- c. Andhra Pradesh
- d. Kerala

19. Who decides disputes regarding

disqualification of Members of Parliament?

- a. President of India
- b. Concerned House of Parliament
- c. Election commission
- d. President in consultation with Election Commission

20. Who currently holds the office of chief Election Commissioner?

- a. H.S. Brahma
- b. P.K. Chowdary
- c. Nasim Zaidi
- d. K.V. Chowdary

21. Who won the Women's single title in Wimbledon Championship 2015?

- a. Lucie safarova
- b. Serena williams
- c. Martina hingis
- d. Elena Vesinna

22. Which country won the Icc cricket world cup championship held in 2015?

- a. South Africa
- b. New Zealand
- c. Australia
- d. Sri Lanka

23. Which of the following decisions of the supreme court did not propound or apply the basic structure doctrine, in respect of amendment of the constitution.

- a. L. Chandra Kumar
- b. Minera Mills
- c. Keshvanadana Bharati
- d. Sajjjan singh
- 24. The first asina games were held at
 - a. Manila
 - b. Tokyo'
 - c. New delhi
 - d. Jakarta

25. Gol Gumbaz the largest dome, is located in the state of

- a. Bihar
- b. Maharashtra

- c. Madhya pradesh
- d. Karnataka

26. How many members of rajya sabha can be nominated by the president of India from amongst persons who have distinguished themselves in art, literature, social service etc.?

- a. 2
- b. 10
- c. 12
- d. 6

27. Which of the following fundamental rights cannot be suspended during the period of proclamation of emergency?

- a. Freedoms under article 19*
- b. Protection of life and personal liberty under article 21
- c. Freedom of conscience under article 25
- d. Freedom to move courts for enforcement of fundamental rights

28. A state in India has one of the largest human development indicators, has the lowest infant mortality as well as the lowest birth rate and also has the highest rate of rural and urban unemployment as per the 66th round of National Sample survey. Which is the state?

- a. Mizoram
- b. Kerala
- c. Punjab
- d. Rajasthan

29. Which wildlife reserve is known for the Great Indian one Horned Rhino?

- a. Corbett
- b. Dudhwa
- c. Kaziranga
- d. Gir

30. Why did Muhammad Bin Tuglhalq shift his capital from Delhi to Devagiri?

- a. Because he was fed up with delhi
- b. He wanted to punish people of delhi
- c. As he wanted to extend his empire to the south
- d. Because the new capital occupied a central and strategic location

31. Which of the following atmospheric gases constitute "GreenHouse Gases"?

- a. Carbon dioxide
- b. Nitrogen
- c. Nitrous oxide
- d. Water vapour

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (1) a. and c.
- (2) a.,c. and d.
- (3) a.,c.and d.
- (4) a.and d.

32. Which convention adopted the international treaty for elimination or restriction of production and distribution of persistent organic pollutants (POPs) that pose a threat to human heath?

- a. Basel convention
- b. Aspoo convention
- c. Stockholm convention
- d. Vienna convention
- 33. The smallest living cell is that of:
 - a. Bacterium
 - b. Bread mould
 - c. Microplasma
 - d. Virus

34. Insider Trading is an offence under Indian laws. Who among the

following, in the normal circumstances, will not be accused of insider trading ?

- a. A financial journalist covering a company
- b. A Director of the company
- c. An auditor of the company
- d. An employee of the company

35. B.B. King, who passed away in 2015 was a famous :

- a. Singer
- b. Musician
- c. Writer
- d. Cartoonist

36. Who was the first chief justice of India ?

- a. Mehar chand mahajan
- b. M. Patanjali sastri
- c. Harilal jekisundas kania
- d. Bijan kumar mukherjee

37. The freedom of speech under the indian constitution is subject to reasonable restrictions on the ground of protection of :

- a. Sovereignty and integrity of the country
- b. The dignity of the office of the Prime Minister
- c. The dignity of the Council of Ministers
- d. All these
- 38. The Vice President of India is :
 - a. Directly elected by the people
 - b. Elected by the same electoral college which elects the President
 - c. Elected by the members of the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha in a joint sitting
 - d. Elected by the members of Rajya Sabha only

39. Who is the supreme Commander of the armed forces in India ?

- a. Defence Minister
- b. President
- c. Prime Minister
- d. None of these

40. Which of the following terms means

- "under consideration of the Court of Law" ?
 - a. Sine qua non
 - b. Res judicata
 - c. Double jeopardy
 - d. Sub judice

41. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding Union Budget 2015-16:

- a. 5 more AIIMSs in Jammu and Kashmir. Punjab, Tamil Nadu, Himachal Pradesh, Bihar and Assam
- b. University ofDisability Studies will be established in Kerala
- c. '150 crore allotted for Atal Innovation Mission
- d. Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) will be further be expanded to 2.3 crore from crore

42. Which recent judgement of the Supreme Court deals with the duty of the police to register aFirst Information Report ? Choose the correct answer from the following :

- a. Shreya Singhal
- b. Lalita Kumari
- c. Adalat Prasad
- d. Devendranath Padhi

43. Which tribe has the largest population in India according to the 2011 census :

- a. Garos
- b. Bhils
- c. Todas
- d. Santhals

44. In which of the following cases, the supreme court held that 'Right to sleep' is a fundamental right ?

- a. Naz foundation case
- b. In Re Ramlila Maidan Case
- c. Anna Hazare Case
- d. None of these

45. Which provision of the Indian constitution entitles Right to Education as a fundamental Right?

- a. Article 21
- b. Article 41
- c. Article 21-A
- d. Article 31

- 46. The relief by way of mandatory injunction is:
 - a. Prohibitory
 - b. Mandatory
 - c. Discretionary
 - d. None of these

47. Section 10 of civil Procedure Code can come into operation :

- a. before filing of written statement in the subsequent suit
- b. Before settlement of issues in subsequent suit
- c. After settlement of issues in subsequent suit
- d. All of the above

48. A suit filed in representative capacity can be withdrawn, compromised and abandoned etc. by the plaintiff:

- a. Without notice to all the persons interested
- b. After notice to all the persons interested
- c. Both (1) and (2)
- d. Either (1) or (2)
- 49. Res judicata does not operate
 - a. Between co-defendants
 - b. Between co-plaintiffs
 - c. Against a pro forma defendant
 - d. None of these

50. Attachment before judgement, in a suit dismissed in default

- a. Revives automatically on the restoration of the suit
- b. Does not revive automatically on the restoration of the suit
- c. May or may not revive depending on the facts and circumstances of the case
- d. Neither (1) nor (2)
- 51. The code of civil procedure recognises:
 - a. Preliminary decree

- b. Final decree
- c. Partly preliminary and partly final
- d. All these

52. Which of the following suits is of civil nature ?

- a. Suits relating to right to property
- b. Suits relating to right of worship
- c. Suits for damages for civil wrong
- d. All these

53. Which Section of the CPC declares that the Court ^hal I presume, upon the production of any document purporting to be a certified copy of a foreign judgement, that such judgement was pronounced by a court of competent jurisdiction, unless the contrary appears on the record, or is proved ?

- (a) Section 13
- (b) Section 14
- (c) Section 19
- (d) Section 20

54. In a suit for recovery instituted by A against B. despite the summons of suit having been duly served upon B. he did not appear on the date fixed in the summons on 1.3.1993, The Court consequently on L3.93 passed an ex parte order against B and listed the cases for 3.4.93 for ex parte evidence of A

- a. B can participate in further proceedings of the case
- B can seek setting aside of the ex pane order if he is able to show good cause for his nonappearance
- c. Both (a) and (b) are correct
- d. Both (a) and (b) are incorrect

55. Mark the incorrect statement in relation to Order XXIII of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 :

a. At any time after the institution of a suit, the plaintiff may withdraw his suit or abandon part of his claim

- b. If a plaintiff withdraws from a suit without the Court's per- mission. he is precluded from instituting a fresh suit against the same defendant in respect of the same subject matter
- c. If the Court is satisfied that a suit must fail by reason of some formal defect or there are other sufficient grounds, it may allow the withdrawal from suit
- d. Where there are several plaintiffs, the court can allow one of them to withdraw; even if the other co-plaintiffs do not consent to such withdrawal



56. Arrest of a person in execution of decree has been provided:

- a. Under section 53 of the code of civil procedure
- b. Under section 54 of the code of civil procedure
- c. Under section 56 of the code of civil procedure
- d. Under section 55 of the code of civil procedure

57. Preliminary decree can be passed in a suit

- a. For partition
- b. For partnership
- c. For possession and mesne profit
- d. All these

58. Which Section of the Code of Criminal Procedure provides protection to the members of the Armed Forces from arrest ?

a. Section 41

- b. Section 45
- c. Section 46
- d. Section 50

59. In a suit for partition three defendants were set ex parte. Preliminary decree was passed. On the application of one the three defendants the Court set aside the decree as against all the defendants. The order of the court is :

- a. Legal
- b. Irregular
- c. Unjustified
- d. Illegal

60. After the trial of the suit the Court found that the suit was barred by the principle of res judicata and did not discuss and answer the other issues. The procedure adopted by the court is

- a. Legal
- b. Justified
- c. Proper
- d. Illegal

61. When a court desires that its decree shall be executed by another court, shall send to the other court

court, shall send to the other court

- (a) A decree and certificate of
- non-satisfaction
- (b) Judgement and decree
- (c) Judgement and execution petition

(d) Execution petition and certificate of non-satisfaction.

62. A court to which decree has been transferred for execution cannot, while executing

- a. Order attachment
- execute the decree against the legal representatives of the deceased judgement debtor
- c. Send the decree for execution to another court
- d. Order execution the instance of the transferee of the decree

63. UnderCivil Procedure Code, in which of the following cases the Court cannot reject the plaintiff ?

(a) Where the relief claimed is undervalued. and the plaintiff, on being required by the court to correct the valuation within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails io do so

(b) Where the suit appears from the statement in the plaint to be barred by any law

(c) When the plaint is insufficiently stamped and the plaintiff on being required by the court to supply the requisite stamp paper within a time to be fixed by the court, fails to do so

(d) Where the plaint discloses a cause of action

64. Under Civil Procedure Code, when application for review is dismissed-

(a) Appeal can be filed against the Order

- (b) No appeal lies
- (c) With the permission of Court, appeal can
- be filed against the order
- (d) None of these

65.The object of oral examination under Order X Rule 2 of CPC is

(a) To elucidate the matters in controversy in

the suit

- (b) To record evidence
- (c) To secure admissions
- (d) None of these

66. When was the Constitution of India adopted ?

- (a) 26th January 1950
- (b) 15th August 1947
- (c) 15th August 1950
- (d) 26th November 1949

67. In which year was the first amendment to the Constitution effected ?

(a) 1950 (b) 1952

(c) 1951 (d) 1953

68. Which part of the Constitution of India deals with the Fundamental Rights ? (a) Pan - I (b) Part - II

(c) Part-III (d) Part - IV

69. The seven judge bench of the supreme court of india in Pradeep kumar biswas Vs. Indian institute of chemical biology 2002 (5) SCC 111 overruled its judgement in the case of:

- (a) Sabhajit tewary
- (b) R.D sheety
- (c) Ajay hasia
- (d) G. Basi reddy

70. Which Article in the Constitution of India outlaws untouchability and make it a punishable offence .

- a. Article 13
- b. Article 15
- c. Article 17
- d. Article 18

71. Which .Article in the Constitution of India guarantees citizens the right to settle in any part of the territory of India ?

- a. Article 19(1)(a)
- b. Article 19(1)(d)
- c. Article 19(1)(e)
- d. Article 19(1)(g)

72. Article 48-A of the Constitution of India deals with

(a) Right to work, education and public assistance

(b) Living wage, etc for workers

(c) Separation of judiciary irom executive

(d) Protection and improvement of the environment and safeguarding of forests and wildlife.

- 73. Article 30 guarantees the right:
 - a. To freedom of religion
 - b. To minorities to establish educational institutions of their choice

- c. To be informed of the grounds for one's arrest
- d. Against trafficking and forced labour

74. Article 39(d) of the constitution of india obligates the state of secure :

- a. An adequate means of livelihood
- b. Equal pay for equal work for both men and women
- c. The material resources are so distributed to serve the common good
- d. The health and strength of workers, men and women and the tender age of children are not abused the citizens are not forced by economic necessity to enter avocations unsuited to their age or strength

75. Which article of the constitution of India obligates the state to organise village panchayats ?

- a. Article 40
- b. Article 41
- c. Article 42
- d. Article 43

76. Which Article in the Constitution of India relates to the power of the President to grant pardons etc. and to suspend, remit or commute sentences in certain cases ?(a) Article 71 (b) Article 72(c) Article 162 (d) Article 77

77. The Right to move to the Supreme Court of India for the enforcement of the

Fundamental Rights is guaranteed under

- (a) Article 226
- (b) Article 14
- (c) Article 32
- (d) Article 33

78. The Supreme Court ofIndia has been established under Article :

- (a) 124 (b) 125
- (c) 126 (d) 127

79. Which Article in the Constitution of India relates to the control Of the High Court over subordinate Courts in matters of posting, promotion, leave etc.?

- (a) Article 226
- (b) Article 227
- (c) Article 235
- (d) Article 228

80. Article 262 of the Constitution of India relates to:

(a) Adjudication of disputes relating to waters of inter-State rivers or river valleys

(b) Provisions with respect to an inter-State Council

(c) Consolidated Funds and Public Accounts of India and of the Slates

(d) Contingency Fund

81. Which Constitution Amendment Act relating to appointments of Judges came for consideration of the Supreme Court and was Struck down, being in violation of the basic feature doctrine of

the Constitution of India?

- (a) 99th Amendment
- (b) 100th Amendment
- (c) 101st Amendment
- (d) 98th Amendment

82. In which case did the Supreme Court ofIndia propound the basic feature doctrine for the time?

- (a) Golaknath's case
- (b) Minerva Mills case
- (c) Kesavananda Bharati case
- (d) Waman Rao case

83.Which article in the constitution of India relates to the subject matter of laws made by parliament to give effect to treaties and international agreements ?

- a. Article 247
- b. Article 246
- c. Article 254
- d. Article 253

84. The "Arbitral Award" as defined in the arbitration and conciliation act, 1996 includes

- a. Final award
- b. Intern award
- c. Both final and interim award
- d. None of these

85. An arbitration agreement is deemed to be in writing if it is contained in :

- a. A document signed by the parties
- An exchange of letters, telex, telegram or other means of telecommunication, including communication through electronic means providing a record of agreement
- c. An exchange of submissions in which the existence of the agreement is alleged by one party and not denied by the other
- (1) Only (A) and (B) ad not (C)
- (2) Only (A) and not (B) and (C)
- (3) All the three above
- (4) None of these

86. A party seeking appointment of an arbitrator through the high court or its designate shall make a request under :

- a. Section 11(3) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- b. Section 11(2) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- c. Section 11(6) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- d. Section 10 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

87. The arbitration and conciliation act, 1996 was enacted taking into consideration :

- a. International chamber of commerce rules
- b. Model law and conciliation rules adopted by the united nations

commission on international trade law (UNCITRAL)

- c. LCIA India Arbitration rules
- d. India Arbitration act, 1940

88. A party seeking interim measures from a Court, would file an application under :
(a) Section S of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act
(b) Section 0 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act
(c) Section II of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act
(d) Section 1 ~ of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act

89. "International Commercial .Arbitration" means an arbitration relating to disputes, where at least one of the parties is
(a) .An individual who is a national of or habitually resident in Any country other India
(b) A body corporate which is incorporated in any country other than India
(c)An association or a body of individuals whose central man- agement and control is exercise in any country other than India

- (d) A Gov eminent of a foreign country (1) (A) and (B) and not (C) and (D)
 - (2) (A), (B) and (C) and not (D)
 - (3) All the four above
 - (4) None of these

90. In the absence of an agreement between the parties, the arbitration proceedings are said to have commented on:

- a. The date on which the first party dispatches a notice of request to the second party for referring the dispute to arbitration
- b. The date on which a request to refer the dispute to arbitration is received by the second party
- c. When one of the parties submit the claim petition before the arbitrator
- d. None of these

- 91. An arbitral award can be enforced under:
 - a. Section 35 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
 - b. Section 36 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
 - c. Section 37 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
 - d. Section 38 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996

93. An arbitral award given on 21st August,1996 can be challenge under:

- a. Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- b. Arbitration Act, 1940
- c. Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
- d. High Court Rules.

94. Which of the statements is not in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996?

- a. An arbitral award shall be made in writing and shall be signed by the members of the arbitral tribunal
- b. In the absence of an agreement between the parties
- c. After the arbitral award is made, a signed copy shall be delivered, to each party
- d. The arbitral tribunal shall not, during the arbitral proceedings, make an interim award.

95. Act appeal under section 37 of the Arbitration and conciliation Act, 1996 read with Ordinance of 2015 shall lie:

- Refusing to refer the parties to arbitration Under Section 8
- b. Granting or refusing to grant any measure under section 9
- c. Setting aside or refusing to set aside an arbitral award Under section 34
- d. All of the above



96. Part II of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 relates to:

- a. Enforcement of domestic award
- b. Enforcement of certain foreign awards
- Appeal against the order setting aside or refusing to set aside an arbitral award under section 34
- d. None of the above

97. Which cricketer was given the Arjuna Award in the year 2014?

- a. Virat Kohli
- b. Virender Sehwag
- c. Sachin Tendulkar
- d. R. Ashwin

98. Who is the Cabinet Minister for Road, Transport and Highways, shipping, Government of India?

- a. M. Venkaiah Naidu
- b. Suresh Prabhu
- c. Manohar Parrikar
- d. Nitin Jairam Gadkari

99. Who is the Secretary General of the United Nations Organisation?

- a. Jim Yong Kum
- b. Ban ki Moon
- c. Takeshiko Nakao
- d. Roberto Azevedo

100. Who was the first and last and last Indian Governor General of free India?

- a. Rajendra Prasad
- b. C. Rajagopalachari
- c. Pandit Jawaharhlal Nehru
- d. Mahatma Gandhi

- 101. Kuchipudi is the dance form of:
 - a. Tamil nadu
 - b. Karnataka
 - c. Andhra Pradesh
 - d. Kerala

102. Who is the author of the book "Ghosts of Calcutta"?

- a. Sebastian Ortiz
- b. Amiya Chandra
- c. Amitav Ghosh
- d. Gina Rinehart

103. Which Indian American was recently sworn in as the US Surgeon General?

- a. Nikesh Arora
- b. Vivek Murty
- c. R.S. Sharma
- d. Sundar Pichai

104. Who was the founder of Ramakrishna Mission?

- a. Shiv Narain Agnihotri
- b. Keshab Chandra Sen
- c. Swami Vivekanand
- d. Atmaram Pandurang

105. Who was the author of the book "Anandamath"?

- a. B. Bhushan Banerjee
- b. Swami Dayananad
- c. Bankim Chandra Chatterji
- d. Lala Lajpat Rai

106. Dadasaheb Phalke Award, 2014 was given to:

- a. Amitabh Bachchan
- b. A. R. Rehman
- c. Shashi Kapoor
- d. Shahrukh Khan

107. Who won the Indira Gandhi Award for National Integration?

- a. Dr. M.S. Swaminathan
- b. Vishwanath Pillai

- c. Ft. A.S. Pillai
- d. Dr. K.K. Goenka

108. Gandhi Peace Prize, 2014 was awarded to:

- a. Dalai Lama
- b. Barack Obama
- c. Indian Space Research Organisation
- d. United Nations organisation

109. Who was awarded Bharat Ratna in the year 2015?

- a. Madan Mohan Malaviya and Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- b. Sachin Tendulkar and Prof. C.N.R. Rao
- c. Pandit Bhim Sen Joshi and Ustad Bismillah Khan
- d. Jayapraksh Naryan and Pandit Ravi Shankar
- 110. The study of bees is known as:
 - a. Anthropology
 - b. Apiology
 - c. Etymology
 - d. Horticulture

111. Where is Ushakothi National Park situated?

- a. Andhra Pradesh
- b. Kerala
- c. Madhya Pradesh
- d. Odisha

112. Who was the first man to reach the North Pole?

- a. Ronald Amundsen
- b. Phu Dorji Sherpa
- c. Robert Peary
- d. Alexei Leonel
- 113. The first man to compile encyclopaedia.
 - a. Aspheosis
 - b. Nicolaus
 - c. Carline Mikkelsen
 - d. Toni Morrison

- 114. On which river the Hirakud Dam is built?
 - a. Kosi
 - b. Gandak
 - c. Mehndi
 - d. Krishna

115. What is the chemical formula of Methane?

- a. CaO
- b. Ca(OH)
- c. CH4
- d. CH3OH
- 116. What is the chemical name of Gypsum?
 - a. Calcium Hydroxide
 - b. Calcium Carbonate
 - c. Calcium Sulphate Dihydrate
 - d. Sodium Sulphate Decahydrate

117. Who won the Nobel Prize for Literature in the year 2014?

- a. Jean Tirole
- b. Eric Betzig
- c. I. Moser
- d. Patrick Modiano

118. Which country won the FIFA women's world cup, 2015/

- a. Brazil
- b. Argentina
- c. USA
- d. Germany

119. Which country is the leading producer of Coconut?

- a. India
- b. Indonesia
- c. Malaysia
- d. Thailand

120. Where is the Veld Grassland Situated.

- a. Argentina
- b. USA
- c. Hungary
- d. South Africa

- 121. Monge Waterfalls are situated in:
 - a. Egypt
 - b. Greece
 - c. Sweden
 - d. Norway

122. Part II of the Limitation Act, 1963 deals with limitation of:

- a. Suits
- b. Appeals
- c. Applications
- d. All these

123. For the purpose of limitation act, a suit is instituted:

- a. In an ordinary case, when the plaint is presented to the proper officer
- In the case of a pauper when his application for leave to sue as a pauper is made
- In the case of a claim against a company which is being wound-up by the Court when the claimant first sends in his claim to the official liquidator
- d. All of the above are correct

123. Where the prescribed period for any suit, appeal or application expires on a day when the court is closed, the suit appeal or application may be instituted, preferred or made:

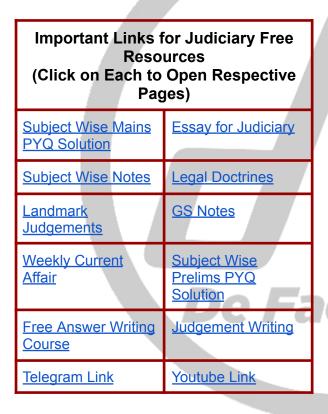
- a. On the way when the court reopens
- b. On the day before the court is closed
- c. Within 10 days after the court reopens
- d. Within a reasonable time

125. Section 5 of the Limitation Act does not apply to:

- a. Suit
- b. Appeal
- c. Application
- d. All these

126. Which section of the Limitation Act prescribes that in computing the period of limitation for any suit, appeal or application, for leave to appeal or five revision or for review of a judgement, the day on which the judgement complained of was pronounced and the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the decree, sentence or order appealed from or sought to be revised or reviewed shall be excluded:

- a. Section 11
- b. Section 12
- c. Section 13
- d. Section 14



127. A contract, which is formed without the free consent of the parties, is

- a. Void ab initio
- b. Void
- c. Illegal
- d. Void at the instance of the party whose consent was not free.

128. Goodwill of a partnership business is the property of the partnership:

- a. Under section 14
- b. Under section 13
- c. Under section 12
- d. Under section 11
- 129. Estoppel
 - a. Is a cause of action in itself
 - b. Creates a cause of action
 - c. Both (a) nor (b) is correct
 - d. Neither (a) nor (b) is correct

130. A notice Under Section 111 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 can be waived:

- a. By express or implied consent of the person to whom it is given
- b. By implied consent of the person to whom it is given
- c. By express consent of the person to whom it is given
- d. By notice from either party

131. On the death of a sole proprietor, his/her heirs automatically become the partners of the old firm. The statement is:

- a. True
- b. Partly true
- c. False
- d. None of these
- 132. Which is correct?
 - a. proposal +acceptance= promise
 - b. promise+consideration=agreement
 - c. agreement +enforceable=contract
 - d. All of the above
- 133. A garnishee order is an order-
 - Prohibiting the judgement debtor from making any payment to the judgement debtor
 - Directing the decree holder to take the payment from the judgement debtor's debtor
 - c. Both (a) and (b)

d. None of these

134. Section 12(1) (a) of the Hindu Marriage Act is related to

- a. Impotency
- b. Mental disorder
- c. Fraud
- d. None of these

135.In a usufructuary mortgage, the mortgagee is placed in possession of the property and has right to receive rents and profits front it till :

- a. Contract is rescinded
- b. Period of 99 years
- c. Mongage money is repaid
- d. Period of 30 years

136. In terms of Section 3 of the Limitation Act, the court is required to consider the question of Limitation :

- a. When an objection on that point is made by the defendant
- b. Only if it is not contested by the defendant
- c. If an issue is framed in that regard
- d. Suo motu on its own

137. Both husband and wife are competent for and against each other :

- a. In civil proceedings
- b. In criminal proceedings
- c. In both civil and criminal proceedings
- d. Neither in civil nor in criminal proceedings

138. Which of the following is the correct meaning of "Privity of Contract" :

- a. Parties must maintain privacy of contract
- b. The main object of the contract should be maintained
- c. Only parties know under what circumstances it was made
- d. Only parties to a contract can sue on it

- 139. The doctrine of subrogation enables:
 - a. A third person to stand in the shoes of a creditor
 - b. Creditor to sue the debtor
 - c. The debtor to postpone the payment
 - d. Includes all these

140. Consider the following statements with regard to "uberrima fides"

- a. It falls within the class of cases which require utmost good faith
- b. Every contract is a contract "uberrima fides"
- c. Contact of insurance is an instance of "Uberrima fides" of these statements
- (1) (a), (b) and (c) correct;
- (2) (a) and (c) are correct;
- (3) (b) and (c) are correct.
- (4) (a) and (b) are correct;
- 141. Go e the meaning of "Puerile"
 - a. Withdraw
 - b. Charge
 - c. Childish
 - d. Framework of ship

142. The group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word 'Vanished' is

- a. Good missing
- b. Was found
- c. Was killed
- d. Was left behind

143. From the following words, the mis-splt word is

- a. Relinquish
- b. Illuminant
- c. Exdoes
- d. Dependency

144. The word which is most opposite in meaning to the word 'Random' is

- a. Accidental
- b. Haphazard

- c. Incidental
- d. Deliberate

145. One who walks in sleep is

- a. Hypocrite
- b. Imposter
- c. Somnambulist
- d. Sarcastic

146. Antonym for 'MARVELLOUS" is

- a. Awful
- b. Contentious
- c. Fictitious
- d. Malicious

147. Synonym of "BLEMISH" is

- a. Evil
- b. Attraction
- c. Blot
- d. Virtue

148. Choose the word which best express the meaning of 'veracity'

- a. Truth
- b. Freedom
- c. Wisdom
- d. Loyalty

149. Monkeys are able to move quickly. They are very.....

- a. Hasty
- b. Agile
- c. Prompt
- d. Rapid

150.the most important event in India's history was the revolution of 1857.

- a. The
- b. It was the
- c. That the
- d. There was

151. In the case of an accused facing inquiry or trial though not of unsound mind but not capable of understanding the proceedings:

- a. The court shall proceed with the inquiry or trial;
- b. The court shall not proceed with the inquiry or trial;
- c. The court may proceed with the inquiry or trial after obtaining necessary orders from the High Court
- d. The court may proceed with inquiry or trial and in the case the same result in conviction, forward the proceeding to the High Court along with a report on which High court shall pass such orders as deemed fit.

152. Exclusion of time of proceeding bona fide in Court without jurisdiction is stipulated in:

- a. Section 13
- b. Section 14
- c. Section 15
- d. Section 16

153. In computing the period of limitation for an application to set aside an award, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the award shall be excluded under:

- a. Section 12(1)
- b. Section 12(2)
- c. Section 12(3)
- d. Section 12(4)

154. Where once the time has begun to run, no subsequent disability or inability to institute a suit or make an application stops it under:

- a. Section 9
- b. Section 10
- c. Section 11
- d. Section 6

155. Section 18 of the limitation act deals with:

- a. Effect of payment on account of debt or of interest on legacy
- b. Effect of acknowledgement in writing

- c. Effect of acknowledgement of payment by another person
- d. Effect of fraud or mistake

Directions (Question 156-160): Pick out the most effective word from the given word to fill in the blank to make the sentences meaningfully complete.

156. As a general rule, politicians do

- not.....centre stage
 - a. Foster
 - b. Forsake
 - c. Forgive
 - d. Forward

157. Indications are that the Government is..... To the prospect of franting bonus to the striking employees.

- a. Relieve
- b. Aligned
- c. Obliged
- d. Reconciled

158. thestudy on import of natural gas from Iran through pipeline would be complete shortly.

- a. Natural
- b. Economic
- c. Feasibility
- d. Calculated

159. Man is....., however, he is more in need of mental companionship than of physical companionship.

De Fa

- a. Biological
- b. Egoistic
- c. Gregarious
- d. Democratic

160. We still have not given our.....to conduct the survey of natural resources in our state.

- a. Consent
- b. Request
- c. Provision
- d. Projection

Directions (Questions 161-165): In each of

these questions, out of the four given alternatives choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

161. APLOMB

- a. Adventure
- b. Assurance
- c. A powerful bomb
- d. Faer

162. RISQUE

- a. Slightly humorous
- b. Slightly improper
- c. Slightly risky
- d. Very risky

163. ILLICIT

- a. Not sociable
- b. Not legible
- c. Not legal
- d. Not attractive

164. COMPLEMENT

- a. To complete
- b. Words of praise
- c. A grammatical category
- d. A geographical category



165. OCULIST

- a. One who makes optical instruments
- b. One who possesses occult knowledge
- c. A specialist in the treatment of ent diseases
- d. A specialist in the treatment of the disease of the eye

166.is the law of peace

- a. National law
- b. Lex Loci
- c. Jus Remedium
- d. None of these

167. 'ULTRA VIRES' is a term used for

- a. A document corrupted by virus
- b. Beyond the scope of power allowed or granted by a charter or by Law
- c. An act authorised by Law
- d. An illegal act.

168. Which one of the following statements is correct?

The power of judicial review means the power of the supreme court to:

- a. Set aside any executive decision if it is against statutory law
- b. Set aside any provision of law if it is contrary to the Fundamental Rights
- c. Examine constitutional validity of any administrative action as well as legislative provision and strike it down if not found in accordance with the Constitutional provisions
- d. Review its own decision or decisions of any court or tribunal within the territory of India

169. Who among the following unable to maintain herself due to physical abnormality cannot claim maintanacne under section 125 Cr.PC/

- a. Illegitimate minor unmarried daughter
- b. Illegitimate major married daughter
- c. Illegitimate minor married daughter
- d. Illegitimate major unmarried daughter

170. Test identification parades are held at the instance of

- a. The Metropolitan Magistrate
- b. Station House Officer
- c. Inquiring Officer
- d. Complainant

171. Under section 620A Cr.PC , a person can be arrested

- a. In case of commission of offence in the presence of a police officer
- b. On credible information about commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment for more than seven years
- c. On a complaint by a victim, when a police officer has reasons to believe that the concerned person has committed the offence
- d. Under all these circumstances

172. A police officer may arrest somebody accused of an offence

- a. To prevent such person from committing any further offence
- b. For proper investigation of the case
- c. To prevent tampering of evidence
- d. All of the above

173. For recording a confession, the Magistrate should

- a. Get the person arrested
- b. Summon the complaint
- c. Inform such person about the accusation against him
- d. Inform such person that he is not bound to make a confession

174. To insure fairness and accuracy in a test Identification Parade, the requirements is

- a. Parading persons of same social status
- Parading persons of same or similar physical appearance along with the suspect
- c. Parading be done in presence of all the witnesses simultaneously
- d. None of the above

175. A criminal court shall not take cognizance of an offence after the expiry of

- a. Six months, if the punishment does not exceed one year imprisonment
- b. One year, if the punishment does not exceed one year imprisonment
- c. Three years, if the punishment does not exceed one year imprisonment
- d. Three months, if the punishment does not exceed one year imprisonment

176. The period of limitation for taking cognizance of an offence starts

- a. From the date of the offence
- b. From the date of the arrest of the suspect
- c. From the date of the lodging of the case
- d. From the date of the surrender of the accused

177. For constituting double jeopardy

- a. The person should have been tried by court of competent jurisdiction
- b. He should have been convicted
- c. He should have been acquitted
- d. None of the above

178. FIR is not a substantive evidence; it can be used during trial

- a. To corroborate the informant
- b. To contradict the informant
- c. Both (a) and (b)
- d. Neither (a) nor (b)

179. Under section 311 of Cr.PC, a witness can be called

- a. On the motion of the prosecution
- b. On the motion of the defence
- c. A can be accused of murder
- d. A can be accused of attempt to murder

180. Anticipatory bail under section 438 Cr.PC can be granted by

- a. Metropolitan Magistrate
- b. Court of sessions
- c. High Court

d. Both (b) and ©

181. A is working in a field with a spade. The iron head of the spade files off and hits a person who dies

- a. A cannot be prosecuted of any offence
- b. A can be accused of murder
- c. A can be accused of attempt to murder
- d. A's act is not an offence if it is found that he had taken proper caution
- 182. Right of Private defence extends to
 - a. Defence of body only
 - b. Defence of property
 - c. Defence of both and property
 - d. Cannot say

183. The right of private defence of the body can extend to causing death

- a. In case of apprehension of grievous hurt and death
- b. In case of apprehension of being raped
- c. In case of assault with the intention of kidnapping or abducting
- d. All of the above

184. Culpable homicide is not murder, if it is committed

- a. Under intoxication
- b. In anger
- c. Without planning
- d. On grave and sudden provocation
- 185. A on provocation by B, Kills C,B's child
 - a. A can be charged for murder
 - b. A cannot be charged for murder
 - c. B is guilty of abetment
 - d. None of the above

186. If a child under 12 years of age is abandoned by his parents and the child dies, the parents can be prosecuted for

a. Murder

- b. culpable homicide not amounting to murder
- c. For offence under section 317 of the IPC
- d. All of the above

187. A makes an attempt to steal some jewels by breaking open a box, but finds none. A is guilty of

- a. Theft
- b. Burglary
- c. Dacoity
- d. None of the above

188. A finds Rs. 1000/- note on the road. He has no idea as to whom the Rs. 1000/- note belongs. He picks up the note. A has committed.

- a. Theft
- b. Misappropriation of property
- c. Attempt to theft
- d. Has not committed any offence

189. Which of the following is not "Grievous Hurt"?

- a. Permanent privation of the hearing of either ear
- b. Dislocation of a both
- c. Emasculation
- d. Any hurt which causes the sufferer bodily pain for ten days

190. A statement made by any person to a officer in the course of investigation:

- a. If duly proved can be used as substantive evidence by the accused and the prosecution
- b. If duly proved can be used by the accused and the prosecution to contradict such witness
- c. If duly proved can be used by the accused and the prosecution to corroborate such witness
- d. None of the above

191. In case the offence is punishable with both imprisonment and fine, maximum sentence that can be awarded by the court in default of payment of fine is

- a. Equal to the term of imprisonment which is the maximum fixed for the offence
- b. Half of the term of imprisonment which is the maximum fixed for the offence
- c. one-third of the term of imprisonment which is the maximum fixed for the offence
- d. one -fourth of the term of imprisonment which is the maximum fixed for the offence

192. Provisions of chapter -XXI-A Cr.PC are not applicable to cases where the final report discloses.

- a. Offences punishable for death
- b. Offences punishable for imprisonment of life
- c. Offences punishable for a term exceeding seven years' imprisonment
- d. Offences punishable for a term exceeding three years' imprisonment

Which of the following is correct?

- (1) (a), (c) & (d)
- (2) (b),(c) & (d)
- (3) (a), (b) & (C)
- (4) (a),(b) & (d)

193. When six men and women extort Rs.1000/- from a teenager putting him to fear of instant hurt by showing a knife, the offence (s) committed by them would be:

- a. Extortion
- b. Robbery
- c. Dacoity
- d. All of the above

194. Which of the following acts does not relate to offences affecting the socio-economic condition of the country as

notified under sub-section (2) of section 265 A Cr.PC?

- a. The Explosives Act, 1884
- b. The immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
- c. The Arms Act, 1959
- d. The Cinematograph Act, 1952

195. The offence of "stalking" is punishable under:

- a. Section 354A IPC
- b. Section 354B IPC
- c. Section 354C IPC
- d. Section 354D IPC

196. The report of which of the following experts is not admissible per se

- a. Director of the Finger Print Bureau
- b. Post Mortem Report by a Board of doctors
- c. Chief Controller of Explosives
- d. Serologist to the Government

197. A, with six others, commits the offences of rioting, grievous hurt and assaulting a public servant endeavouring in the discharge of his duty as such to suppress rioting. A may be separately charges with, and convicted of, offences under sections:

- a. 107, 324 & 353
- b. 147,325 & 152
- c. 353,326A & 34
- d. 148, 152 & 323

198. Which of the following is a primary evidence:

- a. Copies made from and compared with the original
- b. Counterpart of document as against the parties who did not execute them
- c. Counterpart of document as against the parties who executed it
- d. Certified copies of a document

199. The period for limitation for taking cognizance for an offence punishable Under Section 379 IPC is:

- a. Six months
- b. One year
- c. Three years
- d. No limitation

200.statements of a person who is dead or cannot be found is not relevant:

- a. When it is made in the course of business
- b. When it is in favour of the interest of the maker
- c. When it relates to the circumstances of the transaction resulting in his death
- d. When it relates to existence of relationships

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